Midastar: Threshold autoregression with data sampled at mixed frequencies

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and

Abstract

This paper proposes Midastar models by combining the Mixed Data Sampling (MIDAS) approach and the threshold autoregressive (TAR) models. The Midastar model of the first kind is designed for a low frequency target variable and a high frequency threshold variable, while the second kind is designed for the reverse case. The Midastar models can detect threshold effects accurately, while the aggregated TAR model has a risk of finding spurious non-threshold effects. We show that the Midastar models have desired asymptotic and finite sample properties. In two separate empirical applications, the Midastar models detect significant threshold effects in Japan's COVID-19 data and U.S. macroeconomic indicators.

JEL codes: C22, C32, C51.

Keywords: COVID-19, Mixed Data Sampling (MIDAS), nonlinear time series, temporal aggregation, threshold effect.

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